



УТВЕРЖДАЮ
И.о. руководителя ОРИС
О.Л. Тарасова

(подпись)

«31» августа 2022 г.

СПИСОК ВОПРОСОВ ДЛЯ ПОДГОТОВКИ К ЗАЧЁТУ

дисциплины «История медицины»
для студентов 2 курса Лечебного факультета 4 семестр
2022-2023 учебного года

1. Give a description of the concepts of "healing" and "medicine". Give examples of empirical and idealistic healing.
2. Describe modern ideas about the origin of man. The hominid triad. Monocentrism. Polycentrism.
3. Describe the origin of religious and mystical beliefs (totemism, fetishism, animism, magic).
4. Describe the concept of health and disease in a primitive society. The first "theories of disease."
5. Describe the general features of the development of healing in civilizations of the ancient world.
6. State the historical features of healing in Ancient Mesopotamia.
7. Describe the medicine of Ancient Egypt - its priorities and achievements.
8. Describe the medicine of India. Perceptions of health and disease. The art of healing (Ayurveda - the doctrine of a long life). Medicinal healing ("Charaka-Samhita").
9. State the philosophical foundations of ancient Greek medicine. Philosophical and medical schools.
10. Describe the activities of Hippocrates. "Hippocratic collection."
11. Describe the medical business and medical education in different periods of the history of ancient Rome.
12. Outline the philosophical foundations of medicine in ancient Rome. The philosophical views of Galen and the dualism of his teachings.
13. Describe the influence of Christianity on the development of hospital affairs. The beginning of systemic care for the sick, help for the weak and destitute.
14. Describe the development of encyclopedic knowledge and medicine in Byzantium.
15. Describe the development of medicine in the Arab Caliphates: alchemy, hospitals, pharmacies, medical schools.
16. Describe the historical mission and significance of the activities of Abu Ali ibn Sina (Avicenna).
17. Describe the healing of people in Russia before and after the adoption of Christianity.
18. Give a description of the monastery hospitals in Russia. Significance Kiev-Pechersk Lavra among these hospitals.
19. Describe scholasticism as a method of education in medieval Europe. The influence of scholasticism on medicine. Galenism in medieval medicine.
20. Describe the epidemics in the Middle Ages. Tactics and methods of dealing with them.



21. Describe the emergence of anatomy as a science. Activities of Leonardo da Vinci, A. Vesalius.
22. Describe the development of iatrochemistry in the era of feudalism. Paracelsus and his contribution to medicine.
23. Describe the development of surgery in the Middle Ages. Ambroise Pare.
24. Describe the development of physiology in the Renaissance (Francis Bacon, William Harvey, Rene Descartes).
25. Describe Russian folk and monastery medicine of the Golden Horde period and the struggle to create a central state.
26. Describe the fight against epidemics and the first steps of state regulation of medical affairs. Sovereign Pharmacy, Pharmaceutical Order.
27. Describe the training in medical schools. The first doctors of medicine from "born Russians".
28. State the idea of state charity in the "Stoglava Cathedral", during the reign of the Romanov dynasty in the XVII century. The first urban shelters for the poor, the sick, the poor and the drunk. The development of nursing care.
29. Describe the content and significance of the great natural scientific discoveries of the XVIII-XIX centuries. for the development of medicine.
30. Describe the formation of pathological anatomy as a science in the era of the new era (J. Morgagni, MK Bisha, K. Rokitansky, R. Virkhov).
31. Describe the creation and use of vaccines (E. Jenner.). The origin of scientific microbiology (L. Pasteur. R. Koch) and immunology (I. I. Mechnikov).
32. Give a description of the contribution to the development of medicine of Russian doctors of the XVIII century S.G. Zybelina, D.S. Samoilovich, N.M. Maksimovich - Ambodika.
33. Describe the formation of medical business in Russia. Peter I, Catherine II and medical business in the eighteenth century.
34. State the significance and role of scientific discoveries in medical practice (thermometry, percussion, mediocre auscultation, etc.).
35. Describe the clinical medicine in Europe and Russia.
36. Describe the historical mission of N.I. Pirogov in world medicine. Directions and achievements.
37. Describe the development of medical science and healthcare in the first years of Soviet power (1920 - 1930s).
38. Describe the preventive direction in the early years of Soviet power.
39. Describe medicine and its organization during the years of World War II.
40. Describe anti-epidemic measures in the Red Army during the Great Patriotic War.
41. Describe the medicine and health care in the USSR in the second half of the twentieth century. - beginning of the XXI century.
42. Describe the development of health care in the Kemerovo region in the 1940s - 2000s.
43. Describe the development of medical and preventive work and practice in Russia in the second half of the XX century.
44. State the history of KemSMU.
45. The development of physiology: William Harvey, Francis Bacon, Rene Descartes etc.
46. The development of war medicine in Europe during World War I.
47. The development of war medicine during the period of World War II.
48. International medical organizations.
49. The specific features of surgery in the Middle Ages.
50. The Hippocratic Oath



федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение
высшего образования «Кемеровский государственный медицинский университет»
Министерства здравоохранения Российской Федерации

